# BOISE COUNTY CANCER PROFILE

A publication from the Cancer Data Registry of Idaho, Idaho Hospital Association.

# Cancer Incidence 2017–2021 Cancer Mortality 2018–2022 BRFSS 2011–2022

# **RISK FACTORS AND INTERVENTIONS**

#### CANCER

Cancer is a group of over 100 different diseases, each characterized by the uncontrolled growth and spread of abnormal cells. Cancer risk increases with age and varies by gender and race. As the average age of the population increases, the incidence of cancer will increase as well.

An estimated 42% of all cancers in the United States are due to personal lifestyle factors, such as smoking and sedentary lifestyle, and are preventable (10.3322/caac.21440). Cancers are also attributable to environmental factors and geneenvironment interactions. Other non-modifiable factors, such as age, sex, and family history of specific cancers, are also associated with cancer risk and can help identify people at elevated risk for developing cancer.

For some cancers, early detection can save lives. For example, colorectal cancer screening reduces mortality in adults aged 50–75 years (10.1001/jama.2017.3332). Improved primary prevention, early detection, and effective treatment can reduce the burden of cancer in Idaho.

#### Aging:

As the population ages, the number of new cancer cases and cancer deaths that occur each year will continue to increase. This trend could be reversed through significant improvements in primary prevention, early detection, and treatment.

## **Smoking:**

Smoking and the use of smokeless tobacco are responsible for most cancers of the lung, trachea, bronchus, larynx, pharynx, oral cavity, and esophagus. Smoking is the leading cause of preventable death in the United States (PMID: 24455788).

#### Diet:

The U.S. Departments of Agriculture and Health and Human Services recommend the following dietary guidelines: eat a variety of foods; choose a diet with plenty of fruits, vegetables, and whole-grain products; limit the use of sugar, salt, and solid fats; and minimize alcoholic beverage consumption. For details, see <a href="https://www.dietaryguidelines.gov">https://www.dietaryguidelines.gov</a>

#### Screening:

Early detection through screening reduces morbidity and mortality for cancers that can be diagnosed early and treated.

FOR MORE INFORMATION

Cancer Data Registry of Idaho P.O. Box 1278 Boise, ID 83701 208-489-1380 https://www.idcancer.org National Cancer Institute
Cancer Information Services
1-800-4CANCER
<a href="https://www.cancer.gov/contact">https://www.cancer.gov/contact</a>

American Cancer Society <a href="https://www.cancer.org">https://www.cancer.org</a>

#### **CANCER INCIDENCE 2017–2021**

Nearly one in two Idahoans are estimated to develop cancer during their lifetime. During 2017–2021, 47,333 cases of invasive cancer were diagnosed among Idaho residents, and 279 cases of invasive cancer were diagnosed among Boise County residents (Table 1).

**Table 1:** Incidence of All Cancers, Female Breast, Prostate, Lung and Bronchus, and Colorectal Cancers in Boise County and the State of Idaho, 2017–2021

Cancer Incidence 2017–2021	Boise County	State of Idaho
All Sites/Types	279	47,333
Female Breast	32	6,943
Prostate	57	6,766
Lung & Bronchus	33	4,959
Colorectal	9	3,632

Table 3 (Cancer Incidence 2017–2021, Comparison between Boise County and the Remainder of the State of Idaho) shows the number of observed cases, person-years, crude rates, age- and sex-adjusted rates, expected number of cases based upon age- and sex-specific rates in the remainder of Idaho, and p-values for tests comparing the number of observed and expected cases in Boise County. The table also shows the number of observed cases, person-

years, and crude rates for the remainder of the state of Idaho. Comparisons between the county and the remainder of the state were made for all cancers combined, 23 invasive cancer types, in situ breast cancer, non-malignant brain and other central nervous system tumors, and pediatric (0–19 years) cancer. Separate comparisons for males, females, and both sexes combined are included.

As shown in Table 3, the crude incidence rate of invasive cancer in Boise County was 712.7 cases per 100,000 person-years per year during 2017–2021. Comparing this crude rate with the crude rate for the remainder of Idaho (525.6) gives an estimate of the relative burden of disease in Boise County.

The age- and sex-adjusted incidence rate of invasive cancer in Boise County, all sites combined, was 468.3 cases per 100,000 persons per year during 2017–2021. There were fewer cases of cancer in Boise County (279) than expected (313.1) based upon rates in the remainder of the state, but the difference was not statistically significant.

There are many reasons why cancer incidence rates differ by county, such as the prevalence of smoking and other lifestyle factors, and access to healthcare.

#### **CANCER MORTALITY 2018–2022**

During 2018–2022, cancer was the second leading cause of death in Idaho; 15,233 Idaho residents and 68 Boise County residents died from cancer during this period. Most cancer deaths are from five primary sites: lung, colon, pancreas, female breast, and prostate (Table 2).

**Table 2:** Overall and Cancer Mortality in Boise County and the State of Idaho, 2018–2022

Mortality 2018–2022	Boise County	State of Idaho			
All Deaths	362	80,538			
Cancer Deaths	68	15,233			
% of All Deaths	18.8%	18.9%			
Lung & Bronchus	15	2,937			
Colorectal	5	1,332			
Pancreas	10	1,190			
Female Breast	6	1,111			
Prostate	4	997			

Table 4 (Cancer Mortality 2018–2022, Comparison between Boise County and the Remainder of the State of Idaho) shows the number of observed deaths, person-years, crude rates, age- and sex-adjusted rates, expected number of deaths based upon age- and sex-specific rates in the remainder of Idaho, and p-values for tests comparing the number of observed and expected deaths for Boise County. The table also shows the number of observed deaths, person-years, and crude rates for the remainder of the state of Idaho. Comparisons between the county and the remainder of the state were made for all deaths, all cancer deaths, and 21 specific cancer types. Separate comparisons for males, females, and both sexes combined are included.

The age- and sex-adjusted cancer mortality rate for Boise County, all sites combined, was 112.9 deaths per 100,000 persons per year during 2018–2022, compared with 165.4 for the remainder of the state. There were statistically significantly fewer cancer deaths in Boise County (68) than expected (99.6) based upon rates in the remainder of the state (p=.001).

**Statistical Note:** Rates and percentages based upon 12 or fewer cases or deaths (numerator) should be interpreted with caution. **Data Note:** Mortality data may differ slightly from published official statistics from the Bureau of Vital Records and Health Statistics.

# TABLE 3: CANCER INCIDENCE 2017–2021 COMPARISON BETWEEN BOISE COUNTY AND THE REMAINDER OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

		Boise County						Remainder of Idaho			
Cancer		Observed	Person	Crude	A.A.I.	Expected		Observed	Person	Crude	
Site/Type	Sex	Cases	Years	Rate (1)	Rate (1,2)	Cases (3)	P-Value (4)	Cases	Years	Rate (1)	
All Sites Combined All Sites Combined	Total Male	279 169	39,148 20,174	712.7 837.7	468.3 494.7	313.1 190.9	0.054 0.117	47,054 25,101	8,952,958 4,492,099	525.6 558.8	
All Sites Combined	Female	110	18,974	579.7	494.7	129.0	0.117	21,953	4,492,099	492.1	
Bladder	Total	21	39,148	53.6	34.6	14.9	0.158	2,199	8,952,958	24.6	
Bladder	Male	19	20,174	94.2	54.2	13.7	0.201	1,754	4,492,099	39.0	
Bladder	Female	2	18,974	10.5	7.5	2.7	1.000	445	4,460,859	10.0	
Brain - malignant Brain - malignant	Total Male	1 1	39,148 20,174	2.6 5.0	1.9 3.5	3.9 2.4	0.201 0.599	656 381	8,952,958 4,492,099	7.3 8.5	
Brain - malignant Brain - malignant	Female	_ '	18,974	J.0 -	3.3	1.5	0.446	275	4.460.859	6.2	
Brain and other CNS - non-malignant	Total	7	39,148	17.9	12.7	9.5	0.534	1,540	8,952,958	17.2	
Brain and other CNS - non-malignant	Male	3	20,174	14.9	10.0	3.3	1.000	497	4,492,099	11.1	
Brain and other CNS - non-malignant	Female	4 32	18,974	21.1	15.9	5.9	0.600	1,043	4,460,859	23.4	
Breast Breast	Total Male	32	39,148 20,174	81.7	54.3	45.9 0.5	0.039 <b>&lt;&lt;</b> 1.000	6,976 65	8,952,958 4,492,099	77.9 1.4	
Breast	Female	32	18,974	168.7	118.9	41.7	0.146	6,911	4,460,859	154.9	
Breast - in situ	Total	11	39,148	28.1	18.3	9.1	0.612	1,358	8,952,958	15.2	
Breast - in situ	Male		20,174	-	-	0.0	1.000	4	4,492,099	0.1	
Breast - in situ Cervix	Female Female	11	18,974 18,974	58.0 5.3	39.6 4.4	8.4 1.5	0.457 1.000	1,354 293	4,460,859 4,460,859	30.4 6.6	
Colorectal	Total	9	39,148	23.0	15.5	23.4	0.001 <<	3,623	8,952,958	40.5	
Colorectal	Male	4	20,174	19.8	12.3	14.3	0.003 <<	1,973	4,492,099	43.9	
Colorectal	Female	5	18,974	26.4	19.7	9.4	0.186	1,650	4,460,859	37.0	
Corpus Uteri	Female	7	18,974	36.9	24.7	8.5	0.759	1,347	4,460,859	30.2	
Esophagus	Total Male	/ 7	39,148 20,174	17.9 34.7	11.4 20.1	3.4 3.3	0.122 0.098	500 422	8,952,958 4,492,099	5.6 9.4	
Esophagus Esophagus	Female	- '	18,974	J4.1 -	20.1	0.5	1.000	78	4,460,859	1.7	
Hodgkin Lymphoma	Total	2	39,148	5.1	4.6	1.1	0.577	220	8,952,958	2.5	
Hodgkin Lymphoma	Male	-	20,174	-	-	0.7	0.999	129	4,492,099	2.9	
Hodgkin Lymphoma	Female	2	18,974	10.5	10.6	0.4	0.116	91	4,460,859	2.0	
Kidney and Renal Pelvis Kidney and Renal Pelvis	Total Male	9 7	39,148 20,174	23.0 34.7	15.2 21.2	12.9 9.6	0.351 0.518	1,942 1,303	8,952,958 4,492,099	21.7 29.0	
Kidney and Renal Pelvis	Female	2	18,974	10.5	7.6	3.8	0.553	639	4,460,859	14.3	
Larynx	Total		39,148	-	-	1.5	0.433	220	8,952,958	2.5	
Larynx	Male	-	20,174	-	-	1.3	0.551	167	4,492,099	3.7	
Larynx	Female	-	18,974	-	-	0.3	1.000	53	4,460,859	1.2	
Leukemia Leukemia	Total Male	12 7	39,148 20,174	30.7 34.7	21.2 21.9	10.8 7.3	0.801 1.000	1,715 1,029	8,952,958 4,492,099	19.2 22.9	
Leukemia	Female	5	18,974	26.4	20.0	3.8	0.681	686	4,460,859	15.4	
Liver and Bile Duct	Total	6	39,148	15.3	9.4	6.0	1.000	837	8,952,958	9.3	
Liver and Bile Duct	Male .	5	20,174	24.8	14.0	4.7	1.000	589	4,492,099	13.1	
Liver and Bile Duct	Female	1	18,974	5.3 84.3	3.6	1.5	1.000 0.924	248	4,460,859	5.6	
Lung and Bronchus Lung and Bronchus	Total Male	33 15	39,148 20,174	84.3 74.4	53.1 41.8	34.2 19.8	0.924	4,926 2,480	8,952,958 4,492,099	55.0 55.2	
Lung and Bronchus	Female	18	18,974	94.9	66.8	14.8	0.464	2,446	4,460,859	54.8	
Melanoma of the Skin	Total	19	39,148	48.5	33.5	19.8	0.973	3,125	8,952,958	34.9	
Melanoma of the Skin	Male	10	20,174	49.6	30.7	13.7	0.397	1,885	4,492,099	42.0	
Melanoma of the Skin	Female	9	18,974 39,148	47.4	35.8	7.0	0.541	1,240	4,460,859	27.8	
Myeloma Myeloma	Total Male	4 3	20,174	10.2 14.9	6.6 8.7	4.9 3.4	0.906 1.000	724 444	8,952,958 4,492,099	8.1 9.9	
Myeloma	Female	1	18,974	5.3	3.7	1.7	0.988	280	4,460,859	6.3	
Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma	Total	13	39,148	33.2	22.1	13.0	1.000	1,979	8,952,958	22.1	
Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma	Male	5	20,174	24.8	15.2	8.4	0.320	1,141	4,492,099	25.4	
Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma Oral Cavity and Pharynx	Female Total	8 15	18,974 39,148	42.2 38.3	30.6 24.1	4.9 9.0	0.249 0.085	838 1,300	4,460,859 8,952,958	18.8 14.5	
Oral Cavity and Pharynx	Male	14	20,174	69.4	40.6	7.1	0.065	926	4,492,099	20.6	
Oral Cavity and Pharynx	Female	1	18,974	5.3	3.7	2.3	0.671	374	4,460,859	8.4	
Ovary	Female	3	18,974	15.8	11.4	3.2	1.000	550	4,460,859	12.3	
Pancreas	Total	9	39,148	23.0	14.9	10.0	0.917	1,479	8,952,958	16.5	
Pancreas Pancreas	Male Female	5 4	20,174 18,974	24.8 21.1	14.5 15.1	6.3 3.9	0.793 1.000	821 658	4,492,099 4,460,859	18.3 14.8	
Prostate	Male	57	20,174	282.5	155.4	54.8	0.800	6,709	4,492,099	149.4	
Stomach	Total	5	39,148	12.8	8.6	3.1	0.389	469	8,952,958	5.2	
Stomach	Male .	3	20,174	14.9	8.9	2.3	0.805	304	4,492,099	6.8	
Stomach	Female	2	18,974	10.5	8.1	0.9	0.468	165	4,460,859	3.7	
Testis Thursid	Male	- 0	20,174	- 20.4	- 16 0	1.0	0.741	274	4,492,099	6.1	
Thyroid Thyroid	Total Male	8 4	39,148 20,174	20.4 19.8	16.8 14.1	6.3 2.3	0.587 0.408	1,177 368	8,952,958 4,492,099	13.1 8.2	
Thyroid	iviale Female	4	20,174 18,974	21.1	14.1	4.0	1.000	809	4,492,099	18.1	
Pediatric Age 0 to 19	Total	5	7,018	71.2	70.7	1.2	0.015 >>	420	2,492,306	16.9	
Pediatric Age 0 to 19	Male	2	3,690	54.2	54.6	0.6	0.251	212	1,270,631	16.7	
Pediatric Age 0 to 19	Female	3	3,328	90.1	88.3	0.6	0.042 >>	208	1,221,675	17.0	

Notes: 1. Rates are expressed as the number of cases per 100,000 persons per year (person-years).

<sup>2.</sup> Age and sex-adjusted incidence (A.A.I.) rates for county use age and sex-specific crude rates for the remainder of the state as standard.

<sup>3.</sup> Expected cases are based upon age and sex-specific rates for the remainder of the state of Idaho (compare to observed).

<sup>4.</sup> P-values compare observed and expected cases, are two tailed, based upon the Poisson probability distribution.

<sup>&</sup>quot;<<" denotes significantly fewer cases observed than expected, ">>" denotes significantly more cases observed than expected (p=.05).

# **TABLE 4: CANCER MORTALITY 2018–2022** COMPARISON BETWEEN BOISE COUNTY AND THE REMAINDER OF THE STATE OF IDAHO

		Boise County						Remainder of Idaho			
Cause of Death		Observed	Person	Crude	A.A.M.	Expected		Observed	Person	Crude	
Cancer Site/Type	Sex	Deaths	Years	Rate (1)	Rate (1,2)	Deaths (3)	P-Value (4)	Deaths	Years	Rate (1)	
All Causes of Death	Total	362	40,111	902.5	655.4	482.8	0.000 <<	80,173	9,171,283	874.2	
All Causes of Death	Male	230	20,632	1,114.8	712.3	298.3	0.000 <<	42,556	4,607,065	923.7	
All Causes of Death	Female	132	19,479	677.7	563.2	193.2	0.000 <<	37,617	4,564,218	824.2	
All Malignant Cancers	Total	68	40,111	169.5	112.9	99.6	0.001 <<	15,165	9,171,283	165.4	
All Malignant Cancers	Male	36	20,632	174.5	103.0	62.2	0.000 <<	8,199	4,607,065	178.0	
All Malignant Cancers	Female	32	19,479	164.3	122.9	39.7	0.247	6,966	4,564,218	152.6	
Bladder Bladder	Total Male	3 2	40,111 20,632	7.5 9.7	5.3 5.9	3.0 2.7	1.000 0.970	482 373	9,171,283 4,607,065	5.3 8.1	
Bladder	Female	1	19,479	5.1 5.1	4.2	0.6	0.868	109	4,564,218	2.4	
Brain and Other Nervous System	Total	1	40,111	2.5	1.7	3.4	0.304	517	9,171,283	5.6	
Brain and Other Nervous System	Male	1	20,632	4.8	3.0	2.1	0.781	288	4,607,065	6.3	
Brain and Other Nervous System	Female	-	19,479	-	-	1.3	0.520	229	4,564,218	5.0	
Breast	Total	6	40,111	15.0	10.2	7.2	0.852	1,118	9,171,283	12.2	
Breast	Male	-	20,632	-	-	0.1	1.000	13	4,607,065	0.3	
Breast	Female	6	19,479	30.8	23.1	6.3	1.000	1,105	4,564,218	24.2	
Cervix	Female	1	19,479	5.1	3.9	0.5	0.772	87	4,564,218	1.9	
Colorectal	Total	5	40,111	12.5	8.5	8.6	0.291	1,327	9,171,283	14.5	
Colorectal	Male	3	20,632	14.5	8.8	5.4	0.435	729 500	4,607,065	15.8	
Corpus Uteri	Female Female	2	19,479 19,479	10.3	7.9	3.3 1.0	0.711 0.704	598 169	4,564,218 4,564,218	13.1 3.7	
Corpus Uteri Esophagus	Total	- 4	40,111	10.0	6.3	3.1	0.769	457	9,171,283	5.0	
Esophagus Esophagus	Male	3	20,632	14.5	8.3	3.0	1.000	388	4,607,065	8.4	
Esophagus	Female	ĭ	19,479	5.1	3.9	0.4	0.647	69	4,564,218	1.5	
Hodgkin Lymphoma	Total	-	40,111	-	-	0.2	1.000	25	9,171,283	0.3	
Hodgkin Lymphoma	Male	-	20,632	-	-	0.1	1.000	14	4,607,065	0.3	
Hodgkin Lymphoma	Female	-	19,479	-	-	0.1	1.000	11	4,564,218	0.2	
Kidney	Total	-	40,111	-	-	2.6	0.151	386	9,171,283	4.2	
Kidney	Male	-	20,632	-	-	1.9	0.301	246	4,607,065	5.3	
Kidney	Female	-	19,479	•	-	0.8	0.904	140	4,564,218	3.1	
Larynx	Total	-	40,111	-	-	0.5	1.000	76	9,171,283	0.8	
Larynx	Male Female	-	20,632 19,479	-	-	0.5 0.1	1.000 1.000	65 11	4,607,065 4,564,218	1.4 0.2	
Larynx Leukemia	Total	- 1	40,111	2.5	1.7	4.2	0.160	664	9,171,283	7.2	
Leukemia	Male	_ '	20,632	2.5	1.7	2.9	0.100	397	4,607,065	8.6	
Leukemia	Female	1	19,479	5.1	4.1	1.4	1.000	267	4,564,218	5.8	
Liver and Bile Duct	Total	4	40,111	10.0	6.3	4.4	1.000	631	9,171,283	6.9	
Liver and Bile Duct	Male	3	20,632	14.5	8.3	3.3	1.000	420	4,607,065	9.1	
Liver and Bile Duct	Female	1	19,479	5.1	3.7	1.3	1.000	211	4,564,218	4.6	
Lung and Bronchus	Total	15	40,111	37.4	24.1	19.9	0.328	2,922	9,171,283	31.9	
Lung and Bronchus	Male	6	20,632	29.1	16.5	12.1	0.086	1,535	4,607,065	33.3	
Lung and Bronchus	Female	9	19,479	46.2	34.0	8.1	0.830	1,387	4,564,218	30.4	
Melanoma of the Skin	Total	2	40,111	5.0	3.4	1.9	1.000	299	9,171,283	3.3	
Melanoma of the Skin Melanoma of the Skin	Male Female	2	20,632 19,479	9.7	5.9	1.5 0.6	0.858 1.000	198 101	4,607,065	4.3 2.2	
Myeloma	Total	- 2	40,111	5.0	3.3	2.1	1.000	323	4,564,218 9,171,283	3.5	
Myeloma	Male	1	20,632	4.8	2.8	1.4	1.000	323 187	4,607,065	4.1	
Myeloma	Female	i 1	19,479	5.1	3.9	0.8	1.000	136	4,564,218	3.0	
Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma	Total	3	40,111	7.5	5.1	3.6	1.000	565	9,171,283	6.2	
Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma	Male	2	20,632	9.7	5.8	2.3	1.000	308	4,607,065	6.7	
Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma	Female	1	19,479	5.1	4.1	1.4	1.000	257	4,564,218	5.6	
Oral Cavity and Pharynx	Total	-	40,111	•	-	1.9	0.301	275	9,171,283	3.0	
Oral Cavity and Pharynx	Male	-	20,632	-	-	1.5	0.443	192	4,607,065	4.2	
Oral Cavity and Pharynx	Female	-	19,479	-	-	0.5	1.000	83	4,564,218	1.8	
Ovary	Female	2	19,479	10.3	7.3	2.1	1.000	359	4,564,218	7.9	
Pancreas Pancreas	Total Male	10	40,111 20,632	24.9 29.1	16.0 16.6	8.0 5.1	0.579 0.788	1,180	9,171,283 4,607,065	12.9	
Pancreas Pancreas	riviale Female	6 4	20,632 19,479	29.1	16.6	3.2	0.788	644 536	4,564,218	14.0 11.7	
Prostate	Male	4	20,632	19.4	11.7	7.4	0.777	993	4,607,065	21.6	
Stomach	Total	-	40,111	-	-	1.2	0.593	194	9,171,283	2.1	
Stomach	Male	_	20,632	_	-	0.9	0.842	119	4,607,065	2.6	
Stomach	Female	_	19,479	-	_	0.4	1.000	75	4,564,218	1.6	
			ie number of cases i	100 000					.,,0	5	

Notes: 1. Rates are expressed as the number of cases per 100,000 persons per year (person-years).

Statistical Notes: Rates based upon 12 or fewer cases (numerator) should be interpreted with caution.

Mortality statistics presented differ from BVRHS official statistics due to differences in methodology.

Data Source: Bureau of Vital Records and Health Statistics (BVRHS), Division of Public Health, Idaho Department of Health and Welfare, 2023.

<sup>2.</sup> Age and sex-adjusted mortality (A.A.M.) rates for county use age and sex-specific crude rates for the remainder of the state as standard.

<sup>3.</sup> Expected cases are based upon age and sex-specific rates for the remainder of the state of Idaho (compare to observed).

<sup>4.</sup> P-values compare observed and expected cases, are two tailed, based upon the Poisson probability distribution.

"<" denotes significantly fewer cases observed than expected, ">>" denotes significantly more cases observed than expected (p=.05).

# **Cancer Screening and Risk Factors**

The Division of Public Health (DPH), Idaho Department of Health and Welfare, under a cooperative agreement with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, has conducted telephone Behavioral Risk Factor Surveys since 1984. These surveys are conducted with randomly selected adult Idahoans to measure population prevalences of risk factors for major causes of death in the U.S., including cancer. DPH provided Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) data from 2011 through 2022 to CDRI staff, who performed the analyses reported in these *County Profiles*. Analysis weights were post-stratified to 2022 population estimates by age group, sex, and county, beginning with the BRFSS raked weights. Not all questions were asked in all years. Crude prevalence estimates are presented herein; a minimum of 50 respondents was required to generate county-level statistics. Results may differ from IDHW reports due to differences in methods. Cancer screening and risk factor measures were selected to assist in monitoring *Comprehensive Cancer Alliance for Idaho* (CCAI) objectives. Wald log-linear chi-square statistics were used to test for independence of the selected measures and other variables, such as age and race, taking the complex survey design into account.

#### Cancer Screening and Risk Factor Prevalence Estimates, 2011–2022

	State of								Boise
Measure	Idaho	HD 1	HD 2	HD 3	HD 4	HD 5	HD 6	HD 7	County
Access to Care									
Have Health Insurance, Age < 65 (2021–2022)	90.0%	89.3%	87.8%	86.4%	92.6%	87.2%	89.1%	92.6%	83.2%
Not See Doctor Due to Cost in Past Year (2020–2022)	10.4%	9.5%	11.0%	11.0%	10.2%	10.2%	10.4%	11.3%	9.0%
Cancer Screening									
Mammogram Past 2 Years, Age 40–74 (2014–2022, even years)	62.9%	61.0%	70.0%	60.3%	66.1%	58.9%	61.0%	62.5%	54.8%
Pap Test Past 3 Years, Cervix Intact Age 21–65 (2018, 2020)	71.1%	73.7%	73.6%	70.9%	72.9%	69.4%	69.3%	65.5%	
Colorectal Cancer Screening, Age 45–75 (2022)	63.3%	61.0%	62.5%	60.8%	67.2%	65.0%	60.4%	60.2%	
Tobacco Use									
Current Tobacco User (2020–2022)	22.1%	24.3%	20.4%	24.8%	21.3%	22.5%	22.6%	18.1%	24.0%
Other Cancer-Related									
Healthy Weight by Body Mass Index, Age 20+ (2020–2022)	30.0%	30.0%	30.1%	26.5%	33.7%	27.5%	26.7%	30.2%	40.3%
Any Physical Activity Besides Job Past 30 Days (2018–2022)	79.1%	79.0%	78.0%	75.4%	82.7%	75.2%	76.7%	81.0%	74.7%
Meet Physical Activity Guidelines (2011, 2013, 2015, 2017, 2019)	22.0%	22.8%	19.2%	20.0%	25.2%	19.5%	20.4%	20.3%	22.4%
Home Ever Tested for Radon (2016, 2018, 2020)	22.9%	30.8%	18.3%	16.9%	25.2%	20.1%	23.0%	21.0%	28.6%

#### **Access to Care**

#### Have Health Insurance - 2021-2022

Statewide, 90.0% of adults aged 18–64 reported having health care coverage. Health care coverage differed significantly by race/ethnicity, with 91.4% of white non-Hispanics, compared to 81.5% of Hispanics and 90.5% of Native Americans, having health insurance. Spanish-speaking respondents were significantly less likely to be insured (46.0%) than English-speaking respondents (90.5%). Health care coverage differed significantly by age of respondent, with 87.2% of persons aged 18–29, and 93.4% of persons aged 50–64, having health insurance. Health care coverage differed significantly by county, with a range of 64.8% in Idaho County to 95.9% in Shoshone County having health insurance.

#### Not See Doctor Due to Cost in Past Year – 2020–2022

Statewide, 10.4% of adults aged 18+ reported they needed to see a doctor but could not because of cost sometime in the past 12 months. Inability to see a doctor due to cost differed significantly by race/ethnicity (9.2% of white non-Hispanics, 16.9% of Hispanics, and 15.7% of Native Americans). Inability to see a doctor due to cost differed significantly by annual household income (21.9% for less than \$15,000, 5.8% for greater than \$50,000).

#### **Cancer Screening**

#### Mammogram - 2014-2022, even years

Statewide, 62.9% of women aged 40–74 reported having a mammogram in the past 2 years. Insured women were about twice as likely to have had a mammogram in the past 2 years (66.3% versus 31.2%). Mammography rates differed significantly by county, with a range in screening of 41.6% in Owyhee County to 76.1% in Nez Perce County. In 2022, Idaho ranked 49<sup>th</sup> among states and the District of Columbia for mammography screening rates among women aged 40+.

# Pap Test - 2018, 2020

Statewide, 71.1% of women with an intact cervix and aged 21–65 reported having a Pap test in the past 3 years. Women with health insurance were significantly more likely to have timely Pap screening than uninsured women (75.0% versus 52.8% screened in the past 3 years). Pap screening differed significantly by county, with a range of 50.6% in Bingham County to 78.9% in Bannock County. In 2020, Idaho ranked 49<sup>th</sup> among states and the District of Columbia for Pap screening rate.

# <u>Colorectal Cancer Screening</u> – 2022

Statewide, 63.3% of adults aged 45–75 reported being current for colorectal cancer screening.\*\* Persons with health insurance were over twice as likely to be current for colorectal cancer screening. In 2022, Idaho ranked 42<sup>nd</sup> among states and the District of Columbia in the percentage of adults aged 45–75 and older who reported being up-to-date for colorectal cancer screening.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Current for colorectal cancer screening means a blood stool test in the past year, sigmoidoscopy in the past 5 years and blood stool test in the past 3 years, blood stool DNA test in the past 3 years, virtual colonoscopy in the past 5 years, or a colonoscopy in the past 10 years.

# **Cancer Screening and Risk Factors**

#### **Tobacco Use**

#### Current Tobacco Use - 2020-2022

Current tobacco use includes at least 1 form of cigarettes; cigars, cigarillos, filtered little cigars; regular pipes, water pipes, hookah; e-cigarettes; and/or smokeless tobacco products every day or some days. Statewide, 22.1% of adults aged 18 and older were current tobacco users. Tobacco use differed significantly by age of respondent, with 28.9% of persons aged 18–29, and 10.7% of persons aged 65 and older reporting current tobacco use. Tobacco use was lower among white non-Hispanics (21.5%) than among Native Americans (38.0%). Tobacco use differed significantly by county, with a range of 6.1% in Madison County to 33.5% in Elmore County. Counties with higher rates of tobacco use had significantly higher rates of lung cancer.

#### Other Cancer-Related

#### Healthy Weight by Body Mass Index - 2020-2022

Statewide, 30.0% of adults aged 20 and older were in the healthy weight range as measured by body mass index (BMI 18.5–24.9). BMI differed significantly by race/ethnicity, with 30.5% of white non-Hispanics, compared to 25.8% of Hispanics and 21.5% of Native Americans, being in the healthy weight range. Males (24.4%) were significantly less likely to be in the healthy weight range than females (35.7%). BMI differed significantly by age of respondent, with 41.1% of persons aged 18–29, and 23.4% of persons aged 50–64, being in the healthy weight range. BMI differed significantly by county, with a range of 11.7% in Power County to 44.3% in Blaine County of adults being in the healthy weight range.

## Any Physical Activity - 2018-2022

CCAI is measuring physical activity with two metrics: Any physical activity besides job in past 30 days and meeting aerobic and strength physical activity guidelines during the past month or week. Statewide, 79.1% of adults aged 18 and older reported physical activity besides their job in the past 30 days. Physical activity differed significantly by age of respondent, with 83.7% of persons aged 18–29, and 72.5% of persons aged 65+, reporting any physical activity besides their job. The percentage of adults reporting any physical activity differed significantly by county, with a range of 66.9% in Oneida County to 88.3% in Teton County. Counties with higher rates of physical activity had significantly lower rates of overall and colorectal cancer.

Physical Activity Guidelines – 2011, 2013, 2015, 2017, 2019 Statewide, 22.0% of adults aged 18 and older met aerobic and strength physical activity guidelines during the past month or week. Meeting physical activity guidelines differed significantly by age of respondent, with 26.2% of persons aged 18–29, and 19.2% of persons aged 50–64, meeting guidelines. The percentage of adults meeting physical activity guidelines differed significantly by county, with a range of 9.5% in Franklin County to 30.7% in Blaine County.

#### Home Radon Testing - 2016, 2018, 2020

Statewide, 22.9% of adults have ever tested their house for radon. Radon test usage varied significantly by race/ethnicity, with 25.1% of white non-Hispanics, 7.3% of Hispanics, and 25.4% of Native Americans having ever tested their house for radon. Radon test usage was higher for persons aged 50+ than for younger persons. Home radon testing differed significantly by county, with a range of 8.7% in Cassia County to 54.7% in Blaine County.

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